TOWN OF OLD ORCHARD BEACH TOWN COUNCIL MEETING Tuesday, October 20, 2015 TOWN HALL CHAMBERS 7:00 p.m.

A Town Council Meeting of the Old Orchard Beach Town Council was held on Tuesday, October 20, 2015. Vice Chair Thornton opened the meeting at 7:15 p.m.

The following were in attendance:

Vice Chair Joseph Thornton Councilor Kenneth Blow Councilor Jay Kelley Councilor Michael Tousignant Town Manager Larry Mead Assistant Town Manager V. Louise Reid

Absent: Chair Shawn O'Neill

Pledge to the Flag Roll Call

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

VICE CHAIR THORNTON: The Chamber of Commerce will be having a Ribbon Cutting Ceremony for one of our newest members, Duffy's Tavern & Grill, on Wednesday, October 21st at 9 a.m. at 168 Saco Avenue here in Old Orchard. The Director of the Chamber would like to extend an invitation to all Town Hall personnel, the Town Council, community members, along with Chamber members to attend this Ribbon Cutting in support of David Cluff (Duffy), and Chris Cluff (Duffy's Vice President) and their staff who have brought Duffy's Tavern & Grill to our town. Please consider joining us in welcoming them and offering your well-wishes at Duffy's on October 21st at 9 a.m. here in O.O.B.

ACCEPTANCE OF MINUTES: Town Council Meeting Minutes of October 6, 2015; and Administrative Review Board Minutes of October 15, 2015.

MOTION: Councilor Kelley motioned and Councilor Blow seconded to Accept the Minutes as read.

VOTE: Unanimous.

PUBLIC HEARING:

VICE CHAIR: I open the Public Hearing at 7:18 p.m.

Shall We Amend Chapter 34, Housing, Sections 34-26 (Definitions); 34-29 (Responsibility of owners); 34-30 (Responsibilities of rooming house operators); 34-91 (Occupancy requirements); 34-93 (Habitable space requirements); 34-94 (Public space); 34-95 (Accessory rooms); 34-96 (Access and vertical travel between stories); 34-97 (Exits); 34-126 (General

Requirements); 34-127 (Exterior protection); 34-128 (Interior protection); 34-156 (Installation, location and maintenance); 34-157 (Protection from freezing); 34-158 (Safeguarding of moving parts); 34-159 (Plumbing); 34-160 (Fuel gas); 34-161 (Heating); 34-164 (Fuel oil); 34-195 (Portable extinguishers required in multiple dwellings); and 34-196 (Smoke detectors), of the Town of Old Orchard Beach Code of Ordinances.

BACKGROUND:

A great deal of time and effort has been put into consideration of the changes to the Ordinances as it relates to housing and other requirements in the hiring of international students.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING MUNICIPAL OFFICERS OF THE TOWN OF OLD ORCHARD BEACH

The Municipal Officers of the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine hereby give Public Notice that there will be a Public Hearing held at the Town Hall, Council Chambers, on October 20th, 2015, at 7:00 p.m. to consider the following:

Be it hereby ordained, by the Town Council of the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine, in Town Council assembled, that Chapter 34, Housing, Sections 34-26 (Definitions); 34-29 (Responsibility of owners); 34-30 (Responsibilities of rooming house operators); 34-91 (Occupancy requirements); 34-93 (Habitable space requirements); 34-94 (Public space); 34-95 (Accessory rooms); 34-96 (Access and vertical travel between stories); 34-97 (Exits); 34-126 (General Requirements); 34-127 (Exterior protection); 34-128 (Interior protection); 34-156 (Installation, location and maintenance); 34-157 (Protection from freezing); 34-158 (Safeguarding of moving parts); 34-159 (Plumbing); 34-160 (Fuel gas); 34-161 (Heating); 34-164 (Fuel oil); 34-195 (Portable extinguishers required in multiple dwellings); and 34-196 (Smoke detectors); of the Town of Old Orchard Beach Traffic Ordinance is amended by deleting the strikethrough language and adding the underscored language:

Chapter 34 - HOUSING FOOTNOTE(S):

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Cross reference— Utilities, ch. 58; buildings and building regulations, ch. 66. (Back)

ARTICLE I. - IN GENERAL Secs. 34-1—34-25. - Reserved. ARTICLE II. - MINIMUM STANDARDS DIVISION 1. - GENERALLY Sec. 34-26. - Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Alcove means a small recessed section of a room.

Basement means that portion of a building located partly underground but having less than half its clear floor-to-ceiling height below the average grade of the adjoining ground.

Cellar means that portion of a building located partly or entirely underground but having half or more than half its clear floor-to-ceiling height below the average grade of the adjoining ground.

Dwelling means any building which is wholly or partly used or intended to be used for living or sleeping by one or more human occupants, with the exception of buildings or parts of buildings used as a motel, hotel, guest cottage, cabin, sporting camp or other similar facility, rented or leased for a period not more than 30 days.

Dwelling unit means any room or groups of rooms located within a dwelling and forming a single habitable unit with facilities which are used or intended to be used for living, sleeping, cooking and eating.

EXISTING STRUCTURE ANY RESIDENCE ERECTED PRIOR TO THE DATE OF THE ADOPTION OF THE CODE, WHICH HAS A LEGAL BUILDING PERMIT, AND OCCUPANCY PERMIT

Family means a household containing a single housekeeping unit occupied by one or more persons.

Finished grade means the natural surface of the ground, or surface of the ground after completion of any change in contour.

Habitable room means a room or enclosed floor area consisting of habitable space.

Habitable space means space occupied by one or more persons for living, sleeping, eating or cooking, excluding kitchenettes, bathrooms, toilet rooms, laundries, foyers, pantries, corridors, stairways, closets, cellars, and storage spaces.

Immediate family means mother, father, sister, brother, and children of the owner or occupant and spouse.

INTERNATIONAL GUEST WORKER A FOREIGN NATIONAL BROUGHT TO THE UNITED STATES TO FILL A TEMPORARY JOB MUST MEET ALL FEDERAL AND STATE REQUIREMENTS (i.e. H2B worker)

Kitchen means space, 60 square feet or more in floor area, used for cooking or preparation of food.

Kitchenette means space less than 60 square feet in floor area, used for cooking or preparation of food.

LIVING ROOM A ROOM IN A RESIDENCE USED FOR COMMON SOCIAL ACTIVITIES OF THE OCCUPANTS

Mixed occupancy means occupancy of a building in part residential use and in part some other use not accessory thereto.

Multiple dwelling means any dwelling containing more than two dwelling units, rooming units or a combination of both.

Premises means a lot, plot, or parcel of land including the buildings or structures thereon.

Public space means that space used in common by the occupants of several units within a dwelling or rooming house and by the public.

Rooming unit means any room or group of rooms forming a single habitable unit used or intended to be used for living and sleeping, but not for cooking or eating purposes.

Rooming house means any dwelling or part of any dwelling containing one or more rooming units, in which space is let by the owner or operator to three or more persons who are not members of the owner's or operator's immediate family.

Stairway means one or more flights of stairs and the necessary landings and platforms connected therewith to form a continuous passage from one floor to another.

Story means the portion of a building which is between one floor level and the next higher floor level or the roof. If a mezzanine floor area exceeds one-third of the area of the floor immediately below, it shall be deemed to be a story. A basement shall be deemed to be a story only when its ceiling is six or more feet above the finished grade.

Students traveling with a J-1 cultural exchange work visa means nonimmigrant students visiting with a J-1 visa from May to October of the calendar year.

Toilet room means enclosed space containing one or more water closets, which may also contain one or more lavatories, and other plumbing fixtures.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 4; Ord. of 4-7-2009(1))

Sec. 34-27. - Applicability.

This article shall apply to residential premises as follows:

- (1) Lots, plots, or parcels of land on which residential buildings, buildings of mixed occupancy or accessory structures are located.
- (2) Residential buildings, including one- and two-family dwellings, multiple dwellings, and rooming houses or boardinghouses.
- (3) Residential occupancies in buildings of mixed occupancy.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 1)

Sec. 34-28. - Prohibition.

No person shall occupy as owner/occupant or shall rent to another for occupancy any dwelling, dwelling unit, or rooming unit that does not comply with the requirements of this article.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 3)

Sec. 34-29. - Responsibility of <u>PROPERTY</u> owners.

- (a) Owners of premises shall be responsible for compliance with this article and shall remain responsible therefor regardless of the fact that this division may also place certain responsibilities on operators and occupants and regardless of any agreements between owners and operators or occupants as to which party shall assume such responsibility.
- (b) Owners of premises shall be responsible for proper maintenance, condition, and operation of service facilities. (Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 30)
- (c) <u>PLACARDS MUST BE PLACED TO THE EXTERIOR OF THE BUILDING VISABLE FROM</u> <u>THE PUBLIC AND/OR PRIVATE RIGHT OF WAY (ROAD).THE PLACARD MUST</u> <u>INDICATE THE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS IN EACH UNIT. THE COLOR OF THE</u> <u>PLACARD MUST BE IN CONTRAST TO THE STUCTURE IT IS PLACED.</u>

THE SIZE MUST BE 6 INCHES BY 6 INCHES

Sec. 34-30. - Responsibilities of rooming house operators PROPERTY OWNER.

Rooming house operators PROPERTY OWNERS shall be responsible for compliance with this article in regard to the following:

- (1) Limiting occupancy to the maximum permitted by this article.
- (2) Maintenance of safe and sanitary conditions in all parts of the rooming house premises.
- (3) Maintenance and operation of all required service facilities.
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- (4) Maintenance of all plumbing, cooking and refrigeration fixtures and appliances within his control, as well as building equipment and facilities, in an operative, clean and sanitary condition.
- (5) Sanitary maintenance of walls, floors and ceilings.
- (6) Keeping exits clear and unencumbered.
- (7) Disposal of building garbage and refuse in a clean and sanitary manner.
- (8) Extermination of insects, rodents or other pests on the premises.
- (9) Hanging and removing required screens.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 31)

Sec. 34-31. - Responsibilities of occupants.

Occupants of dwelling units shall be responsible for compliance with this article in regard to the following:

- (1) Limiting occupancy of that part of the premises which he occupies or controls to the maximum permitted by this article.
- (2) Maintenance of that part of the premises which he occupies or controls in a clean, sanitary and safe condition.
- (3) Maintenance of all plumbing, cooking and refrigeration fixtures and appliances, as well as other building equipment and storage facilities, in that part of the premises which he occupies or controls, in a clean and sanitary condition and providing reasonable care in the operation and use thereof.
- (4) Keeping exits from his dwelling unit clear and unencumbered.
- (5) Disposal of garbage and refuse into provided facilities in a clean and sanitary manner.
- (6) Extermination of insects, rodents or other pests within his dwelling unit.
- (7) Hanging and removing required screens.
- (8) Keeping his domestic animals and pets in an appropriate manner and under control.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 32)

Secs. 34-32—34-60. - Reserved. DIVISION 2. - ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT FOOTNOTE(S):

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Cross reference— Administration, ch. 2. (Back)

Sec. 34-61. - Duty of code enforcement officer.

This article shall be administered by the code enforcement officer. The code enforcement officer shall cooperate with other municipal, governmental and private agencies engaged in the study and improvement of housing conditions.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 33)

Sec. 34-62. - Inspections.

(a) *Conduct of inspections.* The code enforcement officer is authorized to conduct inspections of all premises within the scope of this article.

- (b) *Investigation of complaints.* The code enforcement officer shall investigate all complaints of alleged housing violations.
- (c) *Right of entry.* The code enforcement officer in the performance of his duties shall have the right of access to any premises at reasonable hours, upon giving proper identification, for the purpose of inspecting the premises in order to determine compliance with this article and for the purpose of examining and inspecting any work performed under this article.
- (d) Access. Owners, agents, operators and occupants shall provide access to all parts of the premises within their control to the code enforcement officer acting in the performance of his duties. A refusal to provide such access shall be a violation of this article.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 34)

Sec. 34-63. - Enforcement.

- (a) Orders and hearings. Procedures for orders and hearings under this article are as follows:
 - (1) Whenever the code enforcement officer determines that there are reasonable grounds to believe that there has been a violation of any section of this article, he shall give notice of such violation to the person responsible therefor as provided in this section. Such notice shall:
 - a. Be in writing.
 - b. Include a statement of the reason why the notice is being issued.
 - c. Allow a reasonable time for the performance of any act it requires.
 - d. Be served upon the owner or his agent or the occupant, as the case may require, provided that such notice shall be deemed to be properly served upon such owner or agent or upon such occupant if a copy thereof is served upon him personally, if a copy thereof is sent by registered mail to his last known address, if a copy thereof is posted in a conspicuous place in or about the dwelling affected by the notice, or if he is served with such notice by any other method authorized or required under state laws.

Such notice may contain an outline of remedial action which, if taken, will effect compliance with this article.

- (2) Any person affected by any notice which has been issued in connection with the enforcement of any section of this article may request and shall be granted a hearing on the matter before the code enforcement officer by filing a written petition requesting such hearing and setting forth a brief statement of the grounds therefor within ten days after the day the notice was served. Upon receipt of such petition, the code enforcement officer shall set a time and place for such hearing and shall give the petitioner notice thereof in the matter prescribed in subsection (a)(1)d of this section. Such hearing shall be commenced not later than ten days after the day on which the petition was filed, provided that, upon application of the petitioner, the code enforcement officer may postpone the date of the hearing for a reasonable time beyond such ten-day period.
- (3) If any violation of this article is not cured to the satisfaction of the code enforcement officer after notice and hearing is provided in accordance with this section, and after the expiration of the time for compliance set forth in the notice, the town manager or town council is authorized to commence legal proceedings to enforce this article and to recover appropriate penalties and costs.
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- (b) Posting of unfit dwelling. Where violations of this article exist and pose an immediate hazard and danger to the health, safety or welfare of building occupants or of the public, the code enforcement officer may declare the premises unfit for human habitation and order the evacuation of all occupants. The premises shall be posted with notices of such order prominently displayed at every entrance. Any person affected by such declaration and evacuation order may request a hearing as provided in subsection (a) of this section.
- (c) *Removal of notice prohibited.* It shall be unlawful to deface or remove the placard from any premises which have been condemned as unfit for human habitation and posted as such.
- (d) Use of posted premises for human habitation. No premises which have been condemned and posted as unfit for human habitation shall again be used for human habitation until written approval is secured from and such notice is removed by the code enforcement officer. The code enforcement officer shall remove such notice whenever the defect upon which the condemnation order was based has been eliminated.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 35)

Sec. 34-64. - Appeals procedure.

- (a) The zoning board of appeals is empowered to review decisions of the code enforcement officer pursuant to this article. Within 30 days of a written determination, an appeal may be filed. The zoning board of appeals is authorized to hear the following two types of appeals:
 - (1) Administrative review. To hear and decide appeals where it is alleged that there is an error in any order, requirement, decision or determination made by the code enforcement officer in the enforcement of this article.
 - (2) Variances. To authorize upon appeal in specific cases, such as a variance from the terms of this article, as will not be contrary to the public interest where, owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of this article will, in an individual case, result in unnecessary hardship, so that the spirit of this article shall be observed, public safety and welfare security and substantial justice done. Such variance may be granted in such individual case of unnecessary hardship upon a finding of the board of appeals that:
 - a. The application of this article to this particular piece of property would create an unnecessary hardship;
 - b. The conditions giving rise to the variance request are peculiar to the particular piece of property involved; and
 - c. The relief, if granted, would not cause substantial detriment to the public good or impair the purposes and intent of this article.
- (b) The concurring vote of a majority of the members of the board shall be necessary to reverse any order, requirement, decision or determination of the code enforcement officer or to decide in favor of the applicant of any matter on which it is required to pass under this article or to effect any variation in the application of this article. The board will notify, in writing, the applicant within seven working days of its decision under review. Appeals from decisions of the board of appeals must be directed to the superior court within 30 days of the decision.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, §§ 38, 39)

Secs. 34-65—34-90. - Reserved.

DIVISION 3. - SPACE AND OCCUPANCY FOOTNOTE(S):

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Cross reference— Retention of proposed public sites and open spaces, § 74-269. (Back)

Sec. 34-91. - Occupancy requirements.

- (a) Generally. No person shall occupy as owner-occupant or shall let to another for occupancy any dwelling, dwelling unit, or rooming unit which does not comply with the minimum standards for space and occupancy in this section. Any motel, hotel, guest cottage, cabin, sporting camp or similar facility must comply with these space and occupancy standards when an occupant stays in one or more units for a continuous period in excess of 30 days.
- (b) Dwelling and rooming units. Every dwelling, dwelling unit and rooming unit shall contain at least 200 square feet of floor area of habitable space for the first occupant and at least 150 square feet of additional area of habitable space for each additional occupant. A child under the age of one shall not be counted as an occupant for the purposes of this section.

(c) Students traveling with a J-1 cultural exchange work visa, clubs, dormitories, sorority and fraternity houses INTERNATIONAL GUEST WORKER shall comply with the following from April 1 through November 1, WITHIN EXISTING STRUCTURES Where sleeping quarters are furnished for persons in a club, dormitory or sorority or fraternity house or students traveling with a J-1 cultural exchange work visa, the number of occupants in any habitable room occupied for sleeping purposes shall be limited to the number determined on the basis of the floor area, in square feet, of the habitable space divided by 75 square feet per occupants.

Every dwelling unit shall contain habitable space of at least a kitchen, or kitchenette, bathroom, and living room of not less than 120 square feet of habitable area

Every room occupied for sleeping purposes by one person shall contain at least 70 square feet of floor space, and every room occupied for sleeping purposes by more than one person shall contain at least 50 square feet of floor space for each occupant thereof.

- (d) *Posting of notice of permitted occupancy.* Notice shall be posted in each unit offered for rent stating the maximum number of occupants allowed under this article.
- (e) Notice of permitted occupancy required. When a person lets to another for occupancy any dwelling, dwelling unit, or rooming unit, he shall notify the occupant in writing of the maximum number of persons permitted to occupy the premises by this section.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 4; Ord. of 4-7-2009(1))

Sec. 34-92. - Prohibited uses.

- (a) *Sleeping.* No kitchen, uninhabitable space, or public space shall be used for sleeping purposes in residential premises.
- (b) *Meal preparation.* Meals shall not be prepared in any room other than a kitchen or kitchenette.
- (c) *Basement.* No basement space shall be used as a habitable space unit unless the floors and walls are free from chronic dampness and protected from surface runoff and the space otherwise complies with the requirements of this article.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 5)

Sec. 34-93. - Habitable space requirements.

(a) *Minimum ceiling height.* Fifty percent of the floor area of a residential premises shall have a minimum ceiling height of seven six inches, and any floor area where the ceiling height is less than five feet shall not be considered in computing floor area.

(b)*Minimum size of rooms.* With the exception of sec34-91 (b) (c) J-1 housing Every dwelling unit shall contain at least one habitable room having a minimum of 150 square feet of floor area with no horizontal dimension of less than ten feet. Every other habitable space, except kitchens, shall contain not less than 80 square feet of floor area and shall have no horizontal dimension of less than seven feet.

- (c) Alcove considered part of habitable room. Every alcove having less than 80 square feet in area, except a kitchenette or foyer, shall be deemed part of an adjacent room. The area of the opening in the dividing partition between any alcove having less than 80 square feet and the adjacent room shall be at least 80 percent of the wall area of such partition, measured on the alcove side, but in no case less than 40 square feet. The floor area of the alcove shall be added to the floor area of the adjacent room in determining space, light and ventilation requirements for the room. Any alcove with an area of more than 80 square feet shall be separately lighted and ventilated as required for habitable space.
- (d) Light and ventilation. Light and ventilation shall be provided as follows:

SHALL COMPLY WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, MAINE UNIFORM PLUMBING CODES, MAINE SUBSURFACE WASTEWATER, AND MUBEC FAMILY OF BUILDING CODES AS ADOPTED IN CHAPTER 66 AND STATE OF MAINE

- (1) Every habitable room shall be provided with natural light through one or more windows, skylights, transparent or translucent panels, or any combination thereof that open directly to the outdoors, at least six inches above the adjoining finished grade, or are above a roof. The amount of light shall be equivalent to that transmitted through clear glass equal in area to at least ten percent of the floor area of the room.
- (2) Every habitable room shall contain at least two separate duplex convenience outlets or at least one duplex convenience outlet and one ceiling-type or wall-type electric light fixture.
- (3) Every habitable room shall be provided with natural ventilation through windows or other openings in exterior walls that face directly out-of-doors above the adjoining finished grade or above a roof, or through skylights, providing total clear ventilation area that is equal to not less than five percent of the total floor area of each habitable space.
- (4) Habitable rooms also may be provided with mechanical ventilation, but this may not be substituted for natural ventilation.
- (e) Separation of rooming units. Rooming units shall be separated from each other and from other spaces outside the rooming units.
- (f) Access to communal kitchen or dining room in rooming house. A communal kitchen or dining room in a rooming house shall be accessible to the occupants sharing such kitchen or dining room without going through a dwelling unit or rooming unit of another occupant.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 6)

Sec. 34-94. - Public space.

SHALL COMPLY WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, MAINE UNIFORM PLUMBING CODES, MAINE SUBSURFACE WASTEWATER, AND MUBEC FAMILY OF BUILDING CODES AS ADOPTED IN CHAPTER 66 AND STATE OF MAINE

- (a) Height. Public space in a residential premises shall have a minimum height of seven feet six inches measured from finished floor to finished ceiling.
- (b) Light and ventilation. Light and ventilation in a residential premises shall be provided as follows:
 - (1) Public spaces shall be provided with electric lighting.
 - (2) In public stairs, stairways, and passageways, electric lighting shall be available at all times so as to afford safe visible passage for occupants and users. Such lighting shall conform to the following:
 - a. A sufficient number of fixtures shall be provided so that the distance between fixtures is not more than 30 feet, and so that no wall is more than 15 feet distant from a fixture.
 - b. Incandescent lighting shall be based on not less than one-fourth watt per square foot of floor area, except that no fixture shall have a lamp with less than 25 watts.
 - c. Fluorescent lighting shall be based on not less than one-tenth watt per square foot of floor area, except that no fixture shall have a lamp with less than 15 watts.
 - d. Where under these formulae the calculated wattage does not correspond to that of a standard lamp, the next larger standard size shall be used.
 - (3) Public spaces shall be provided with either natural ventilation, conforming to the requirements for habitable space, or with mechanical ventilation.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 7)

Sec. 34-95. - Accessory rooms.

SHALL COMPLY WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, MAINE UNIFORM PLUMBING CODES, MAINE SUBSURFACE WASTEWATER, AND MUBEC FAMILY OF BUILDING CODES AS ADOPTED IN CHAPTER 66 AND STATE OF MAINE

- (a) *Toilet rooms and bathrooms.* Standards for toilet rooms and bathrooms in residential premises shall be as follows:
 - (1) Toilet rooms and bathrooms in one- and two-family dwellings shall have provisions for privacy.
 - (2) Toilet rooms and bathrooms for dwelling units in multiple dwellings shall be located within each dwelling unit and shall be accessible from any sleeping room without passing through any other sleeping room.
 - (3) Rooming houses shall include at least one toilet room and bathroom or combination toilet room/bathroom for every three rooming units, and such toilet and bathroom facility shall be located no more than one floor away from the rooming unit and shall be accessible from every rooming unit utilizing the facility without passing through any other rooming unit or dwelling unit.
 - (4) In one- and two-family dwellings, bathrooms and toilet rooms shall be provided with floors of moisture-resistant material.
 - (5) In multiple dwellings, floors of bathrooms, toilet rooms and similar spaces shall be waterproof; such waterproofing shall extend six inches or more up on adjacent walls, except at doors, so that floors can be flushed or washed without leaking.
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- (b) Light and ventilation. Light and ventilation shall be provided as follows:
 - (1) Kitchenettes, bathrooms and toilet rooms shall be provided with artificial light appropriate for the use of such rooms.
 - (2) Laundry rooms, furnace rooms, and similar spaces shall be provided with artificial light appropriate for the intended use of such rooms.
 - (3) Kitchenettes shall be provided with ventilation in accordance with either of the following:
 - a. Natural ventilation as required for habitable space, except that such openable areas shall be not less than three square feet.
 - b. Mechanical ventilation exhausting not less than 100 cubic feet per minute.
 - (4) Bathrooms and toilet rooms shall be provided with ventilation in accordance with either of the following:
 - a. Natural ventilation as required for habitable space, except that such openable areas shall be not less than 1½ square feet.
 - b. Mechanical ventilation exhausting not less than 25 cubic feet per minute.
 - (5) Spaces in multiple dwellings which contain central heating, air conditioning and similar equipment shall be ventilated to the outer air, and air from these spaces shall not be recirculated to other parts of the building.
 - (6) Natural ventilation shall be provided in unheated attics, spaces below flat roofs and crawl spaces. Ventilation location and net areas of openings shall be such as to minimize deterioration from condensation or other causes, in conformity with generally accepted standards.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 8)

Sec. 34-96. - Access and vertical travel between stories.

SHALL COMPLY WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, MAINE UNIFORM PLUMBING CODES, MAINE SUBSURFACE WASTEWATER, AND MUBEC FAMILY OF BUILDING CODES AS ADOPTED IN CHAPTER 66 AND STATE OF MAINE

- (a) Stairs. Stairs in a residential premises must comply with sections 8.17.3 through and including 8.17.6 of the building code adopted in section 66-26
- (b) *Railings.* Hand railings shall be provided on all portions of stairs, balconies, landings and stairwells.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 9)

Sec. 34-97. - Exits.

Exits in a residential premises must comply with section 809 of the building code adopted in section 66-26.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 10)

Secs. 34-98—34-125. - Reserved. DIVISION 4. - STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS FOOTNOTE(S):

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Cross reference— Buildings and building regulations, ch. 66. (Back)

Sec. 34-126. - General requirements.

SHALL COMPLY WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, MAINE UNIFORM PLUMBING CODES, MAINE SUBSURFACE WASTEWATER, AND MUBEC FAMILY OF BUILDING CODES AS ADOPTED IN CHAPTER 66 AND STATE OF MAINE

- Loads. Residential buildings and parts thereof shall be maintained so as to be capable of sustaining safely their own weight and the loads to which they may be subject.
- Loads transmitted to soil. Buildings shall be maintained so that loads are transmitted to the soil without undue differential settlement, unsafe deformation or movement of the building or of any structural part.
- Protection of structural members. All structural members shall be protected against freezing and thawing, dampness, corrosion, wetting and drying, termites and other destructive insects and all similar causes of deterioration.
- Water penetration into basements and cellars. A building built in soil which is
 water-bearing at any season of the year shall be maintained so that groundwater
 and surface water will not penetrate into habitable spaces, basements and cellars.

rd. of 4-2-1991, § 11)

- Sec. 34-127. Exterior protection.
- Foundation walls. Foundation walls in residential premises shall be maintained so as to be structurally sound and to prevent entrance of moisture, termites and vermin by shoring where necessary, installing subsoil drains at footings, grouting of masonry cracks, waterproofing of walls and joists, and other suitable means.
- Exterior walls. Exterior wall components shall be maintained so as to prevent deterioration due to the elements and destructive insects by painting, installing or repairing termite shields; by poison treatment of soil; or other suitable means.
- Roofs. Roofing shall be maintained in a watertight condition so as to prevent leakage into the building by repairs to roofing, flashings, waterproof coatings, or other suitable means.

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rd. of 4-2-1991, § 12)

- Sec. 34-128. Interior protection.
- Subterranean crawl space. Crawl spaces in residential premises shall be maintained free of moisture, and the flow of air from such spaces into walls above shall be effectively barred so as to prevent deterioration of structural members or the spread of fire. Foundation walls shall have openings to provide adequate circulation of air in any subterranean crawl space. The ground in the crawl space shall be covered with a moisture barrier. Drains shall be installed outside the structure if the crawl space is below the surrounding grade. Openings shall be blocked in stud walls to prevent flow of air and moisture into walls. Termite tubes from the soil to wood floor members above shall be kept destroyed. The soil shall be poison treated when necessary.
- Structural members. Structural members shall be maintained so as to be structurally sound by shoring, reinforcement or repair when necessary; destruction of termite's tubes; and other appropriate maintenance.

- Chimneys and flues. Chimneys and flues shall be maintained so as to be structurally sound and to prevent leakage of gases into the structure. Flue stoppages shall be cleared, open joists sealed, and masonry repaired where necessary.
- Ceilings and walls. Ceilings and walls shall be maintained so that parts which become loose or defective shall be removed and replaced so as to not constitute a hazard to occupants.

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rd. of 4-2-1991, § 13)

- Secs. 34-129-34-155. Reserved.
- DIVISION 5. EQUIPMENT
- Sec. 34-156. Installation, location and maintenance.
- Plumbing, heating, electrical, ventilating, air conditioning, refrigerating, cooking, radiation-producing equipment, elevators, dumbwaiters, escalators and other mechanical additions, installations or systems for the use of the residential building shall be installed, located and maintained so that under normal conditions of use such equipment and systems will not be a danger to health or welfare, a danger because of structural defects or a source of ignition or a radiation hazard and will not create excessive noise or otherwise become a nuisance. Equipment and systems include but are not limited to apparatus, devices, fixtures, piping, pipe hangers, pipe covering, wiring, fittings, and materials used as part of or in connection with such installations.

rd. of 4-2-1991, § 14(I))

- Sec. 34-157. Protection from freezing.
- In residential premises, equipment and systems subject to damage from freezing shall be adequately protected against freezing.

rd. of 4-2-1991, § 14(II))

- Sec. 34-158. Safeguarding of moving parts.
- Moving parts of equipment in residential premises which may be a potential hazard shall be safeguarded to protect against accidental physical contact.

rd. of 4-2-1991, § 14(III))

• Sec. 34-159. - Plumbing.

- Generally. All plumbing and sewage disposal shall be in strict conformance with
 the state plumbing code and the town sewer regulations in article III of chapter 58
- Storm drainage. Roofs and paved areas, including yards and courts, shall be drained in a method as provided for in article III of chapter 58
- Sanitary fixtures. There shall be provided within each dwelling unit not less than one water closet, one bathtub or shower, one lavatory, and one kitchen sink, all of an approved type pursuant to the state plumbing code, with piped cold water to all
- **13** Town Council Meeting Minues of 10 20 15

fixtures and piped hot water to all fixtures but the water closet. Hot water shall be heated to a minimum of 110 degrees Fahrenheit.

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rd. of 4-2-1991, § 15)

- Sec. 34-160. Fuel gas.
- (a) General requirements. General requirements for fuel gas in residential premises shall be as follows:
 - (1) Fuel gas piping systems shall be installed and maintained so as to remain gastight, safe, and operative under all conditions of use.
 - (2) Fuel gas piping systems shall provide a supply of gas sufficient to meet the maximum expected demand of the installed gas-burning appliances connected thereto.
- (b) Shutoff valves. Shutoff valves shall be provided as follows:
 - (1) Gas piping systems shall have at least one accessible means for shutting off all gas supply, and such means shall be maintained in good operating condition.
 - (2) An easily accessible shutoff valve or cock shall be provided in the piping in close proximity to and ahead of every outlet for gas appliances.
- (c) Service equipment for gas supplied from utility mains. Gas services, gas meters, and gas pressure regulators from utility mains shall be located so that they are protected from damage.
- (d) Gas refrigerators and ranges. Gas refrigerators and ranges shall be installed with clearance for ventilation and shall be maintained in good operating condition.
- (e) Liquified petroleum gas. Standards for liquefied petroleum gas shall be as follows:
 - (1) Undiluted liquefied petroleum gas in liquid form shall not be conveyed through piping equipment and systems in buildings.
 - (2) Liquefied petroleum gas shall not be vaporized by devices utilizing open flame or open electrical coil.
 - (3) Where two or more containers are installed, connection shall be arranged so that containers can be replaced without shutting off the flow of gas to equipment.
 - (4) Containers shall be designed, stored, and located so as not to be a hazard to the premises served or to the surrounding property.
 - (5) Systems shall be provided with safety devices to relieve excessive pressures and shall be arranged so that the discharge terminates at a safe location.
 - (6) Systems shall have at least one accessible external means for shutting off the gas. Such means shall be located outside the building and shall be maintained in good operating condition.
- (f) High pressure gas (optional). Any service connection supplying gas at a pressure in excess of one psi gauge shall be provided with a device to reduce such pressure to not more than one-half psi gauge prior to entering the meter, except where such service supplies equipment using gas at high pressures.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 16)

Sec. 34-161. - Heating.

- (a) *General requirements.* Residential buildings occupied between September 15 and May 15 shall be provided with heating equipment designed to maintain a temperature of
- 14 Town Council Meeting Minues of 10 20 15

not less than 68 degree Fahrenheit at a distance of three feet or more from exterior walls and at a level of five feet above the floor in habitable rooms, kitchens, kitchenettes, bathrooms and toilet rooms. The capability of the heating equipment to maintain such indoor temperatures shall be based on outside temperatures of -20 degrees Fahrenheit.

- (b) Smoke control. Fuel-burning heat-producing equipment shall be installed and maintained so that the emission or discharge into the atmosphere of smoke, dust particles, odors or other products of combustion will not create a nuisance or be detrimental to the health, comfort, safety, or property of any person.
- (c) Warm air heating. Ducts and other air handling equipment used for heating shall conform to the requirements of such equipment used for ventilating purposes as provided in M.403.1 of the 1990 BOCA Mechanical Code.
- (d) Prohibited locations for heat-producing equipment. Fuel-burning water heaters shall not be located in sleeping rooms, bathrooms, or toilet rooms.
- (e) Fuel supply connection. Heat-producing fuel-burning equipment shall be permanently fastened and connected in place. Any liquid fuel supply connected to such equipment shall be made with pipe or tubing of solid metal.
- (f) Installation and clearance. Where heat-producing equipment is installed on or adjacent to combustible materials, the location, insulation, clearance, and the control of the equipment shall be such that the temperature on the surface of the combustible materials will not exceed a safe temperature as provided in M.403.1 of the 1990 BOCA Mechanical Code.
- (g) Air supply. Air shall be supplied in accordance with the following:
 - (1) Direct-fired heat-producing equipment and the enclosure in which it is located shall be provided with a supply of air adequate both for complete combustion at the rated gross output of the equipment and for the ventilation of the enclosure to prevent the accumulation of heat or gases.
 - (2) Rooms containing fuel-burning equipment shall have such air supply provided by means of one or more openings to the exterior.
- (h) Removal of products of combustion. Products of combustion shall be removed as follows:
 - (1) Equipment for burning solid or liquid fuels shall be connected to suitable chimneys or flues and shall not be connected to gas vents. Unvented heaters burning liquid fuels are prohibited.
 - (2) Fuel-burning space heaters shall be connected to a suitable chimney or flue.
 - (3) Gas-fired equipment shall be connected to a suitable chimney, flue or gas vent.
- (i) Safety devices. Safety devices shall be provided as follows:
 - (1) Equipment capable of developing hazardous pressures or temperatures shall be provided with means to relieve safely such pressures and temperatures.
 - (2) Controls for the safe operation of automatically operated heat-producing equipment shall be provided to function as follows:
 - a. When failure or interruption of flame or ignition occurs, the fuel supply shall be cut off.
 - b. When a predetermined temperature or pressure is exceeded, the input of additional heat shall be prevented or reduced to a safe rate.
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- c. When the water in a steam boiler drops below a predetermined level, the fuel supply shall be cut off.
- d. When failure or interruption of the pilot light or main burner of liquefied petroleum gas equipment occurs, the fuel supply to each pilot light and main burner shall be cut off.
- (j) Heating of garages. Fuel-burning equipment for garages shall be installed to operate in a safe manner.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 17)

Sec. 34-162. - Electrical.

All buildings used for residential purposes shall be wired for electricity in conformity with the electrical code adopted in section 66-56.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 18)

Cross reference— Utilities, ch. 58.

Sec. 34-163. - Cooking and refrigeration.

- (a) Each dwelling unit shall be provided with appropriate cooking and refrigeration equipment.
- (b) Cooking and refrigeration equipment shall be maintained in good operating condition.
- (c) Fuel-burning cooking equipment shall be properly vented.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 19)

- Sec. 34-164. Fuel oil.
- (a) General requirements. Fuel oil used in a residential premises shall be received, stored and conveyed by means of fixed liquid tight equipment.
- (b) Storage tanks. Storage tanks shall be in compliance with the following:
 - (1) Tanks shall be provided with means for venting.
 - (2) Tanks shall be installed and maintained so as not be a hazard to the premises served or the surrounding property.
- (c) Automatic operation. The operation shall be in accordance with the following:
 - (1) Boilers and furnaces using fuel oil shall be provided with remote control to stop the flow of oil during fire or other emergency.
 - (2) Filling, emptying, and venting of tanks shall be by means of fixed piping. Pipes to underground tanks shall be pitched toward tanks. Terminals of fill and vent pipes shall be located outside buildings at a safe distance from building openings.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 20)

Secs. 34-165—34-190. - Reserved. DIVISION 6. - FIRE SAFETY FOOTNOTE(S):

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Cross reference— Fire prevention and protection, ch. 30. (Back)

Sec. 34-191. - Prohibited accumulations and storage.

No paints, volatile oils, cleaning fluids, or similar flammable or explosive matter and no wastepaper, boxes, rags or similar matter liable to spontaneous combustion shall be stored on residential premises except in a safe and well-ventilated location.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 21)

Sec. 34-192. - Prevention of spread of fire.

- (a) Walls and ceilings maintained free from cracks. Walls and ceilings in residential premises shall be maintained free from cracks and openings which would permit flames or excessive heat to enter the concealed space.
- (b) *Fire separation of buildings of mixed occupancy.* In buildings of mixed occupancy, nonresidential space shall be separated from residential space by approved separations which will retard the spread of fire pursuant to table 313.1.2 of the building code adopted in section 66-26

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 22)

Sec. 34-193. - Interior finishes; trim and decorative materials.

Interior finish materials for acoustical correction, surface insulation and decorative treatment on the surfaces of walls and ceilings and interior trim in residential premises shall be made of materials that will not, in burning, give off excessive amounts of smoke or toxic gases.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 23)

Sec. 34-194. - Fireplaces.

Fireplaces in residential premises must comply with sections 2400 through 2402.7 of the building code adopted in section 66-26.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 24)

Sec. 34-195. - Portable extinguishers required in multiple dwellings.

Each oil burner for a boiler, furnace or central hot water heater in a multiple dwelling shall be provided with an approved hand fire extinguisher or two pails of at least ten-quart capacity filled with sand. Portable extinguishers shall be in accessible locations and in a condition which will permit efficient operation without delay.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 25)

Sec. 34-196. - Smoke detectors.

- (a) As used in this section, the term "smoke detector" means any device which, when activated by the presence of smoke, provides an audible alarm suitable to warn the occupants within the individual dwelling unit or rooming unit in which it is attached, which has been approved for use in this state by the state fire marshal.
- (b) The owner shall install and maintain in good working order not less than one approved smoke detector upon or near the ceiling in areas within or giving access to bedrooms in every dwelling, dwelling unit or rooming unit.
- (c) In every multiple dwelling or rooming house, not less than one approved smoke detector shall also be installed in each corridor and hallway on each floor.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 25A)

Secs. 34-197—34-225. - Reserved.

DIVISION 7. - PROPERTY MAINTENANCE

Sec. 34-226. - Open areas.

- (a) *Surface and subsurface drainage.* Surface and subsurface water shall be drained to protect residential buildings and structures and to prevent development of stagnant ponds. Gutters, culverts, catch basins, drain inlets, stormwater sewers, approved
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combination storm and sanitary sewers, or other satisfactory drainage systems shall be used where deemed necessary.

- (b) *Fences.* Fences and other minor structures shall be maintained in safe and substantial condition.
- (c) *Paved areas.* Steps, walks, driveways, parking spaces, and similar paved areas shall be maintained so as to afford safe passage under normal use and weather conditions.
- (d) *Yards and courts.* Yards and courts shall be kept clean and free of physical hazards and the accumulation of debris and trash.
- (e) *Noxious undergrowth.* Heavy undergrowth and accumulations of plant growth which are noxious or detrimental to health shall be eliminated.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 26)

Sec. 34-227. - Buildings and structures.

- (a) *Exterior wood surfaces.* Exterior wood surfaces of residential buildings and structures that are not inherently resistant to deterioration shall be periodically treated with a protective coating of paint or other suitable preservative.
- (b) *Floors, walls, ceilings, etc.* Floors, walls, ceilings, furnishings and fixtures of residential buildings shall be maintained in clean and sanitary condition.
- (c) Accessory structures. Accessory structures shall be maintained so as to be free of conditions detrimental to safety or health.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 27)

Sec. 34-228. - Infestation and screening.

- (a) *Grounds, buildings and structures.* Residential grounds, buildings and structures shall be maintained free of insect, vermin and rodent harborage and other infestation. Methods used for exterminating insects, vermin, and rodents shall conform with generally accepted practices.
- (b) Screening of cellar and basement windows and openings. Windows and other openings in basements and cellars shall be appropriately screened with wire mesh or other suitable materials to prevent ingress of insects, rodents and other vermin.
- (c) Screening of windows and doors during certain months. From May 1 to October 1, entrances to residential buildings shall be provided with self-closing type screens, and windows and other openings used for ventilation shall be appropriately screened.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 28)

Sec. 34-229. - Garbage and refuse.

- (a) Storage, handling and disposal. Adequate sanitary facilities and methods shall be used for the collection, storage, handling and disposal of garbage and refuse in a residential premises.
- (b) Storing refuse in public halls prohibited. In multiple dwellings garbage and refuse shall not be stored or allowed to accumulate in public halls or stairways.

(Ord. of 4-2-1991, § 29)

Secs. 34-230—34-255. - Reserved. ARTICLE III. - CONVERSION OF SEASONAL STRUCTURES TO YEARROUND DWELLINGS DIVISION 1. - GENERALLY Sec. 34-256. - Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Conversion means the making of any physical alteration to a structure or to the land on which it is situated, including but not limited to the addition of any cooking device or refrigerator, heating unit, water supply, electrical modification, or sewage treatment system, which, either individually or in conjunction with other such changes, renders the structure suitable for use as a year-round dwelling or the change in use of a structure or any portion thereof previously used as a seasonal structure to a year-round dwelling.

Land use regulations means any and all zoning regulations, subdivision regulations, building codes, safety codes, electrical codes, or environmental regulations promulgated by the town, the state, or the United States.

Seasonal structure means any structure, including but not limited to hotel or motel units, private cottages, and guest or tourist cottages, or any portion thereof that, because of inadequate heating, water supply, sewage treatment, electricity, cooking facilities, or any other factor relating to the structure or to the land on which it is situated, could not prior to conversion be legally or safely used as a residence continuously during the calendar year.

Year-round dwelling means any structure or any portion thereof used or capable of being used as a residence for one or more persons, which possesses the minimum amount of utilities and services, including but not limited to heating, water supply, sewage treatment, electricity, and cooking facilities, to permit the structure to be used continuously as a residence during the entire calendar year.

(Ord. of 6-3-1986, § III)

Sec. 34-257. - Purpose.

The purpose of this article is to regulate the conversion of motels, hotels, private cottages, tourist or guest cottages, and other seasonally occupied structures into dwellings designed, intended to be used or actually used as year-round dwellings. Structures originally designed or constructed for seasonal occupancy often do not meet the land use, building code, safety and environmental standards applicable to dwellings. While such nonconformance may be tolerable in structures that are used only periodically or by transient visitors, the public health, safety, and welfare require that such structures be upgraded if they are to be used as dwellings on a year-round basis. Therefore, prior to converting a seasonal structure to a year-round dwelling, the person desiring to convert a seasonal structure must first obtain a seasonal structure conversion permit from the building inspector.

(Ord. of 6-3-1986, § II)

Sec. 34-258. - Enforcement.

This article shall be enforced by the building inspector, who shall have the power to inspect premises with the consent of the owner or after obtaining an administrative warrant.

(Ord. of 6-3-1986, § V(4))

Sec. 34-259. - Violations.

It shall be a violation of this article for any person to convert a seasonal structure to a year-round dwelling without first having obtained a conversion permit from the building inspector. If a dwelling has been converted without a conversion permit, it shall also be a violation for any person to occupy or convey such dwelling.

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(Ord. of 6-3-1986, § VII(1))
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Sec. 34-260. - Appeals

Appeals from decisions of the building inspector under this article shall be to the board of appeals according to the procedures specified in division 2 of article II of chapter 78. Appeals shall be taken within 30 days of the decision complained of.

(Ord. of 6-3-1986, § VI(5))

Secs. 34-261—34-285. - Reserved.

DIVISION 2. - PERMIT

Sec. 34-286. - Required; criteria for issuance.

- (a) No seasonal structure may be converted to a year-round dwelling until the owner or the person converting the seasonal structure obtains from the building inspector a seasonal structure conversion permit.
- (b) The building inspector shall issue a seasonal structure conversion permit only upon making a written determination that the dwelling, after conversion, will conform to all land use regulations applicable to residential dwellings in the zoning district where the dwelling is located at the time of conversion. Where a lot or structure is lawfully nonconforming with respect to dimensional standards of chapter 78, such nonconformity shall not prevent conversion otherwise permitted under this article, except that the dwelling, after conversion, must comply with the parking space per dwelling unit requirements of chapter 78
- (c) A seasonal structure conversion permit shall specify the alterations permitted or required to be completed prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

(Ord. of 6-3-1986, § IV; Ord. of 4-7-2009(1))

Sec. 34-287. - Application.

An application for a conversion permit shall be submitted in writing to the building inspector on a form designated by him for that purpose, which shall include all information required in an application for a building permit.

(Ord. of 6-3-1986, § V(1))

Sec. 34-288. - Expiration.

Every permit issued pursuant to this article shall expire after one year, unless conversion activities on the site have commenced, and shall expire after two years if the conversion is not then substantially completed. Conversion permits are not renewable, except that after a conversion permit expires a new application for another permit may be submitted to the building inspector. Any new conversion permit shall comply with all the requirements of this article and other land use regulations in effect at the time of the new application.

(Ord. of 6-3-1986, § V(2))

Sec. 34-289. - Transferability.

Conversion permits shall be site-specific and shall be valid only for the alterations specified in the application. If the lot or structure is sold after the conversion permit is issued, all rights, limitations and duties under the permit are automatically transferred to the new owner.

The Town Manager gave a synopsis of this Public Hearing issue. The Housing Ordinance changes are subjected here. No action is required for this item, just public comment. Council action would be at a subsequent meeting. There are three significant aspects to the proposed changes:

- Loosen J-1 housing standards: As you know there have been concerns regarding the safety and suitability related to J-1 housing. We have made good progress over the past two seasons and things have improved. At this time I am concerned that the existing ordinance is too restrictive and that its enforcement will cause a housing shortage. Therefore the proposed changes would reduce the square footage requirements for J-1 and other international workers to a minimum of 70 sf of bedroom space for one student and 50 sf per student for more than one. There would also be a requirement for a separate living space of at least 120 sf.
- <u>Posting of placard</u>: Rental housing units would be required to post a placard visible from the street showing the maximum permissible occupancy for each individual unit. This is a change that is supported by the Police Chief, Fire Chief and CEO.
- <u>Make reference to MUBEC regulations:</u> Where the sections of the ordinance refer to the required MUBEC regulations rather than continue with the language of the existing code. This is because the existing code is now superseded by state MUBEC statute.

It was noted that Marc Bourassa, a business owner and also a member of the Administrative Review Board sent the following e-mail to the Council:

October 20, 2015

Dear Old Orchard Beach Town Councilors,

I would like to go on record as supporting the proposed changes to Chapter 34, Housing, Sections 34-26 34-29 (Responsibility of owners); 34-30 (Responsibilities of rooming house operators); 34-91 (Occupancy requirements); 34-93 (Habitable space requirements); 34-94 (Public space); 34-95 (Accessory rooms); 34-96 (Access and vertical travel between stories); 34-97 (Exits); 34-126 (General Requirements); 34-127 (Exterior protection); 34-128 (Interior protection); 34-156 (Installation, location and maintenance); 34-157 (Protection from freezing); 34-158 (Safeguarding of moving parts); 34-159 (Plumbing); 34-160 (Fuel gas); 34-161 (Heating); 34-164 (Fuel oil); 34-195 (Portable extinguishers required in multiple dwellings); and 34-196 (Smoke detectors); of the Town of Old Orchard Beach Traffic Ordinance is amended by deleting the strikethrough language and adding the underscored language:

We generally house 4, J1 Visa Students and often hire up to 8 students. They are a critical part of our work force due to their work ethic and ability to stay later in the season! These changes will make the housing offered to J1 students safer and more structured.

Thank you for your service to the Old Orchard Beach Community.

Sincerely,

Marc J Bourassa dba/Kebek 3 Motel mbourassa1@me.com 207.710.8046

There was a lengthy discussion on this ordinance change. John Bird and King Weinstein both felt that the Ordinance was not well written and that there were areas of it that would affect all renters not just the J1 students which this ordinance is considering most in the ordinance interpretation. The Town Manager explained and apologized for the grammatical errors and went on in detail to explain some of the situations which developed this summer and past summers which has brought the need for more specific details to the ordinance and also the change in the square footage will permit the renting to more students. Rental space for these international students are urgent since business owners in this community depend on these students to fill the staffing needs during the summer months. One of the issues that both John Bird and King Weinstein raised was the placards which are being requested. It appeared that this would affect all rentals and it was stated by Dan Feeney that requirements already exist for what has to be shown in rentals but that this placard is specific to the rentals to international students and will permit the fire and police department to be aware of what is allowed if and when it is necessary for them to enter such an establishment. Both King Weinstein and John Bird suggested a further workshop but the Town Manager said that this has been a discussion item for months and there have been many meetings where discussion has been held on these ordinance changes. The Police Chief indicated that he did not wish to have confusion about the placards but that that request was actually made by him and the Fire Chief. It is important for them to know in an emergency or even in a complaint how many people can be sleeping in this particular facility. Pat Brown who has served on the Committee along with Helene Whittaker and the Community Watch Committee indicated that these changes are needed to safeguard not only the student but to allow for proper enforcement when necessary. This ordinance changes has been brought forward as a result of problems with overcrowding, fire and rescue issues, and enforcement concerns. It was determined that another Public Hearing would be held in the coming weeks.

VICE CHAIR: I close this Public Hearing at 7:55 p.m.

BUSINESS LICENSES AND APPROVAL:

VICE CHAIR: I open this Public Hearing at 7:55 p.m.

<u>Marylynn McWatters</u> (104-2-10-12), 129 Portland Avenue, Unit #12, one year round rental; <u>Nicholas Bencivenga</u> (205-19-18-20), 47 Milliken Street, #20, one year round rental; <u>Precision Real Estate</u> (206-10-2), 15 Fern Park Avenue, three year round rentals; <u>Normand</u> <u>& Debra Ouimette</u> (206-16-3), 3 Idlewild/4 Arbutus, one year round rental; and <u>Joseph</u> <u>David Pirone</u> (315-5-1), 40-44 Reggio Avenue, three year round rentals.

VICE CHAIR: I close this Public Hearing at 7:56 p.m.

MOTION: Councilor Blow motioned and Councilor Kelley seconded to Approve the business licenses as read.

VOTE: Unanimous.

TOWN MANAGER'S REPORT:

- Saco Ave Intersection: Marc Guimont has been hounding the state inspector on the importance of eliminating the "dip" at the intersection. The scope of work was modified to account for this. I'm sure most of you have traveled this intersection over the weekend. It is not yet complete, there is another paving level to be completed. It is certainly improved. I will find out when the final paving will be completed and let you know.
- Wastewater negotiations: Attended the initial bargaining session with wastewater union and received their proposals.
- J-1 Meeting: Staff and other key players met to review and assess the pros and cons of this summer's J-1 program. I am happy to report that housing conditions have improved. There were almost no hazardous situations uncovered and police and fire each reported that incidents related to poor housing situations were down.
- Wastewater plant odor issues: A meeting was held with staff, Wright-Pierce and DEP to discuss options for reducing odors affecting neighborhoods. It was a productive meeting and Wright-Pierce will lead a presentation at the October 28 workshop for Council.
- Skateboard park ribbon cutting: took place on Saturday this weekend. There was a
 nice attendance of the skateboarders and some of the parents who have been
 active through the years in advocating for the facility. Councilors Kelley and Blow
 were able to be there as well. Jason Webber has done a very nice job of getting the
 project done and keeping costs low by pitching in himself, and by scouring for
 lower cost alternatives. Staff will bring forward in the next budget a plan for a
 phased expansion of the facility.
- Administrative Review Board: met this week and reviewed a great many businesses that had more than 3 business notices from the Police Department. The Board reduced the list of licensees to be brought before the committee to just a few and will meet again to prepare for the hearings.
- A meeting was held on possible proposed 28 units on Portland Avenue (Pilgrim Place) but discussions will continue as there are issues relative to sewer concerns and capacity and an overall aging pump station.
- # 6520 Discussion with Action: Amend the General Assistance Ordinance, including 6.8 Basic Necessities, Overall Maximum Levels of Assistance; 6.8a Food; 6.8 Basic Necessities, Housing Maximums; C. Utilities, Electricity Maximums; and readopt without changes, D. Fuel; and E. Personal Care and Household Supplies.

BACKGROUND:

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING MUNICIPAL OFFICERS OF THE TOWN OF OLD ORCHARD BEACH

The Municipal Officers of the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine hereby give Public Notice that there will be a Public Hearing held at the Town Hall, Council Chambers, on October 6th, 2015 at 7:00 p.m. to consider the following:

Shall the Town Council of the Town of Old Orchard Beach amend the General Assistance Ordinance by changing the dollar amounts allowed for Overall Maximums, Food Maximums, Housing Maximums, Utilities, Heating Fuel, and Personal Care & Household Supplies by deleting the strikethrough amounts and adopting the underscored amounts, as follows:

Amend Section 6.8 Basic necessities; Overall maximum levels of assistance

No. in Household	CURRENT	PROPOSED
	MONTHLY	MONTHLY
1	\$762.00	\$803.00
2	\$901.00	\$956.00
3	\$1163.00	<u>\$1181.00</u>
4	\$1463.00	\$1563.00
5	\$1565.00	\$1641.00
6	\$1640.00	\$1716.00

*Add \$68.00 \$75.00 a month for each additional person.

Section 6.8 a) Food

No. of Household	CURRENT	PROPOSED	CURRENT	PROPOSED
	WEEKLY	WEEKLY	MONTHLY	MONTHLY
1	\$46.51	<u>\$45.12</u>	\$200.00	<u>\$194.00</u>
2	\$85.35	<u>\$83.02</u>	\$367.00	<u>\$357.00</u>
3	\$122.33	<u>\$118.84</u>	\$526.00	<u>\$511.00</u>
4	\$155.35	\$150.93	\$668.00	\$649.00
5	\$184.42	\$179.30	\$793.00	\$771.00
6	\$221.40	12	\$952.00 <u>\$92</u>	5.00
7	\$244.65	\$ <u>237.67</u>	\$1,052.00	<u>\$1,022.00</u>
8	\$279.53	<u>\$271.86</u>	\$1,202.00	<u>\$1,169.00</u>

Decrease Additional persons from \$150.00 to \$146.00 per month.

Amend Section 6.8 Basic necessities; Housing maximums

		UNHE	ATED	
Bedrooms	CURRENT	PROPOSED	CURRENT	PROPOSED
	WEEKLY	WEEKLY	MONTHLY	<u>MONTHLY</u>
0	-126.00	<u>148.00</u>	541.00 <u>636.0</u>	<u>0</u>
1	126.00	<u>176.00</u>	541.00 <u>757.0</u>	<u>0</u>
2	156.00	<u>218.00</u>	672.00 <u>939.0</u>	<u>0</u>
3	216.00	<u>296.00</u>	928.00 <u>1,272.0</u>	<u>0</u>
4	-216.00	<u>301.00</u>	928.00 <u>1,293.0</u>	<u>0</u>
		HEA	TED	
Bedrooms	CURRENT	PROPOSED	CURRENT	PROPOSED
	WEEKLY	WEEKLY	MONTHLY	MONTHLY
0	139.00	<u>172.00</u>	596.00	<u>740.00</u>
1	147.00	<u>206.00</u>	633.00	886.00
2	188.00	256.00	810.00	1,099.00
3	259.00	341.00	1,114.00	1,468.00
4	266.00	356.00	1,143.00	<u>1,531.00</u>

C. Utilities. Electricity Maximums for Households Without Electric Hot Water. The maximum amounts allowed for utilities for lights, cooking, and other electric uses, excluding electric hot water are:

Number in Household	Weekly	Proposed	<u>Monthly</u>	Proposed
1	\$14.00		\$60.00	
2	\$15.70		\$67.50	
3	\$17.45		\$75.00	
4	\$19.20	<u>\$19.70</u>	\$82.50	<u>\$86.00</u>
5	\$23.10		\$99.00	
6	\$25.00		\$107.00	

*Add \$7.50 a month for each additional family member.

Electricity Maximums for Households that Use Electrically Heated Hot Water. The maximum amount allowed for electric utilities for dwelling units that have electrically heated hot water shall be \$70 per month for the first member of the household, with an additional \$10 per month for each additional household member.

Number in Household	<u>Weekly</u>	Proposed	Month	nly Proposed
1	\$19.10		\$82.00	<u>\$86.00</u>
2	\$23.75		\$102.00	
3	\$27.70		\$119.00	
4	\$32.25		\$139.00	
5	\$37.30		\$160.00	
6	<u>\$41.00</u>		<u>\$176.00</u>	

RE-ADOPT THIS SECTION WITH NO CHANGES) D) <u>Fuel.</u> Expenses for home heating will be budgeted according to the actual need for fuel during the heating season (September through May) provided such expenses are reasonable, and at other times during the year when the administrator determines the request for fuel assistance is reasonable and appropriate.

Assistance will be granted to eligible applicants on the basis of their most recent bill. The municipality is not responsible for back bills except in an emergency as provided in section 4.9. Applicants are responsible for monitoring their fuel supply and requesting assistance prior to depleting their fuel supply. When applicants who have been informed of this responsibility run out

of fuel nonetheless, and can show no just cause for failing to give the administrator timely notice of their need for fuel, the administrator shall find that the emergency was not beyond the applicants' control, and process the emergency request accordingly, pursuant to section 4.9 of this ordinance. When considering requests for heating fuel, eligible applicants will be granted assistance with the actual amount necessary up to the following maximums:

<u>Month</u> Gallons	<u>Gallons</u>	<u>Month</u>	
September	50	January	225
October	100	February	225
November	200	March	125
December	200	April	125
	Мау	50	

(RE-ADOPT THIS SECTION WITH NO CHANGES) E. Personal Care and Household

Supplies. Expenses for ordinary personal and household supplies will be budgeted and allowed according to the applicant's actual need for these items, up to the maximums below. Personal and household supplies include: hand soap, toothpaste, shampoo, shaving cream, deodorant, dish detergent, laundry supplies and costs, household cleaning supplies, razors, paper products such as toilet paper, tissues, paper towels, garbage/trash bags, and light bulbs

Number in Household	Weekly Amount	Monthly Amount
1-2	\$10.50	\$45.00
3-4	\$11.60	\$50.00
5-6	\$12.80	\$55.00
7-8	\$14.00	\$60.00

For each additional person add \$1.25 per week or \$5.00 per month.

When an applicant can verify expenditures for the following items, a special supplement will be budgeted as necessary for households with children under 5 years of age for items such as cloth or disposable diapers, laundry powder, oil, shampoo, and ointment up to the following amounts:

Number of Children	Weekly Amount	Monthly Amount
1	\$12.80	\$55
2	\$17.40	\$75
3	\$23.30	\$100
4	\$27.90	\$120

The Town Manager answered Mr. John Bird's question about the value of this mobile home indicating that it had no value whatsoever to the Town.

MOTION: Councilor Tousignant motioned and Councilor Blow seconded to Amend the General Assistance Ordinance, including 6.8 Basic Necessities, Overall Maximum Levels of Assistance; 6.8a Food; 6.8 Basic Necessities, Housing Maximums; C. Utilities Electricity Maximums; and re-adopt without changes, D. Fuel; and E. Personal Care and Household Supplies.

VOTE: Unanimous.

6521 Discussion with Action: Authorize a two-year contract Extension for Larry Mead, Town Manager, effective March 16, 2016 to March 16, 2018; and authorize an annual salary of \$114,000 retroactive to July 1, 2015.

BACKGROUND:

The Charter requires a personnel evaluation between the Council and the Town Manager which occurred on October 6th and 20th of this year.

BACKGROUND:

Employment Agreement Between Town of Old Orchard Beach and Larry S. Mead

This Agreement, confirmed by the action of the Old Orchard Beach Town Council, hereinafter "the Council," on the 20th day of October, 2015, by and between the Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine, hereinafter called "Town" and Larry S. Mead, hereinafter "the Town Manager" both of whom understand as follows:

Whereas, the Employment Agreement dated March 16, 2014 provides for the Town and the Town Manager by mutual agreement to extend that Employment Agreement, requires Town to give Manager at least 120 days written notice of intent to extend the Agreement; and allows for the amendment to any provision of the Agreement; and

Whereas, the Town desires to continue the employment of said Larry S. Mead as Town Manager of the Town of Old Orchard Beach to perform the functions and duties specified in the Town's Charter, ordinances of the Town, and applicable State law;

Now, therefore, in consideration of the mutual covenants herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. Amendments to March 16, 2014 Agreement

- A. Upon execution of this Agreement the Town agrees to pay the Town Manager an annual salary of one hundred fourteen thousand dollars (\$114,000) retroactive to July 1, 2015.
- B. Upon execution of this agreement the Town agrees to contribute 13% of the Town Manager's base salary to the International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation's (ICMA-RC).

Section 2. Term

- A. Except as provided in Section 1 and Section 3 of this agreement this Employment Agreement shall remain in full force and effect beginning March 16, 2016 and concluding March 16, 2018.
- B. The Town and Town Manager may mutually agree to renew or extend this agreement. The Town shall give the Town Manager at least one hundred twenty (120) days written notice prior to the termination of this contract if Town intends not to renew or extend the Agreement for at least a one-year period. Non-renewal of this agreement shall not require just cause and shall not constitute a termination or removal of Town Manager. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Town does not renew the Agreement as provided above, Town shall pay to the Town Manager a lump sum cash payment equal to six months (6) salary and International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC) retirement plan contributions, plus any accrued but unused vacation time as described in Section 8, Paragraph A, and fifty per cent (50%) accrued but unused sick time as described in Section 8, Paragraph C.
- C. The Town Manager agrees to remain in the exclusive employ of the Town for the term of this Agreement. The term "exclusive employ," however, shall not be construed to preclude the Town Manager from occasional teaching, writing, speaking or consulting performed on personal time off, even if outside compensation is provided for such services. Said activities are expressly allowed, provided that no such activity presents a conflict of interest with the Town as employer or detract from the Town Manager's ability to execute the duties of Town Manager.

Section 3. Termination and Severance Pay

- A. The Town shall have the right to terminate this Agreement without cause. Termination of the Town Manager's employment requires an affirmative, public vote of the Council in accordance with the Town Charter. In the event of such termination, the Town agrees to pay the Town Manager a lump sum cash payment equal to nine (9) months total salary and International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC) retirement plan contributions, plus any accrued but unused vacation time as described in Section 8, Paragraph A, and accrued but unused sick time as described in Section 8, Paragraph C.
- B. In the event the Town Manager voluntarily resigns his position with the Town, the Town Manager shall give the Town six weeks' notice in advance and the Town shall not be liable for payment of severance pay as described in Section 2, Paragraph A of this Agreement. The Town Manager shall be compensated for any accrued but unused vacation time as described in Section 8, Paragraph A, and shall be compensated fifty percent (50%) of the unused portion of the Town Manager's accrued but unused sick leave, except that twenty days of accrued sick leave shall be deducted from the total accrual and will not be factored in to the severance compensation.
- C. The Town has a right to terminate this Agreement for cause as provided in this Agreement. Cause shall include but not be limited to incompetence, gross insubordination, or misconduct impairing seriously the continued usefulness or ability of the Town Manager to perform the duties of the position. The Town Manager's reasonable exercise of professional judgment regarding matters within the scope of the Town Manager's employment, including matters of policy, political judgments, and interpretations of laws, regulations and ordinances shall not constitute cause for termination. Prior to any termination for cause, the Town Manager shall be provided a written notice of the reasons for the proposed termination and an opportunity for a hearing before the Town Council in accordance with Section 409.2 of the Town Charter. In the event the Town Manager's employment is terminated for cause, the Town's only

obligation to the Town Manager is to pay all compensation due, plus any accrued but unused vacation time as described in Section 8, Paragraph A, but Manager shall forfeit any accrued but unused sick time.

Section 4. Salary

The Town agrees to increase the salary amount provided for in Section 1 by the same percentage provided to the majority of Town Department Heads effective July 1, 2016 and July 1, 2017.

Section 5. Performance Evaluation

The Town and Town Manager acknowledge the importance of regular and complete performance evaluations of the Town Manager. The Council shall perform an annual written evaluation of the Town Manager's performance and may increase the Town Manager's compensation in recognition of that performance.

Section 6. Retirement and Insurance

- A. The Town will contribute thirteen percent (13%) of the Town Manager's base salary to the International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation's (ICMA-RC) retirement plan on behalf of the Town Manager.
- B. The Town shall provide the Town Manager health, dental, disability, and income protection insurance coverage under the provisions of the Town Personnel Policy. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Town Manager declines health insurance coverage the Town shall pay to the Town Manager, pro-rated on a weekly basis (\$153.846), the annual amount of eight thousand dollars (\$8,000).

Section 7. Professional Development

The Town shall pay the cost of the Town Manager's annual membership to the International City Manager's Association (ICMA) and the Maine Town, City and County Manager's Association (MTCMA). The Town shall provide the Town Manager with reasonable opportunities to continue his education through conferences and workshops. The Town agrees to budget for all costs associated with the Town Manager attending the annual ICMA conference, MTCMA twice-yearly training institutes and the Maine Municipal Association (MMA) annual meeting, including travel, food and lodging expenses associated with the conference, institute and meeting venues and host hotels.

Section 8. Vehicle Allowance

The Town agrees to pay the Town Manager a car allowance, on a pro-rated weekly basis of (\$38.461), the annual amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000). The Town Manager agrees to provide his own vehicle for Town business use and is responsible for all maintenance and upkeep of said vehicle. This section does not prevent the Town Manager from using a Town vehicle for travel beyond the Town limits.

Section 9. Other Benefits

A. The Town Manager shall be allotted vacation at the rate of twenty-five (25) days per year. Vacation time shall be credited on the first day of each year of the 2-year contract

agreement. The Town Manager shall take no more than ten (10) consecutive days of vacation without permission from the Town Council. The Town Manager may accrue all earned unused vacation time. Upon resignation, termination with or without cause, or non-renewal of contract the Town Manager shall be compensated at his current rate of pay for any accrued but unused vacation time up to a maximum of eight (8) weeks.

- B. The Town agrees to provide the Town Manager with a laptop computer and monitor of his selection for his exclusive business and personal use. The computer will remain at all times the property of the Town and the Town Manager agrees to comply with any applicable Town policies concerning computer use policy.
- C. The Town Manager shall accrue sick leave at the same rate as Town employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement. Upon non-renewal of contract by the Town in accordance with Section 1, Paragraph B, the Town Manager shall be compensated at his current rate of pay for any accrued but unused sick leave, except that twenty (20) days of accrued sick leave shall be deducted from the total accrual and will not be factored in to the severance compensation.
- D. The Town agrees to pay the Town Manager seventy dollars (\$70) per month for cell phone service.
- E. The Town agrees to reimburse the Town Manager at the rate of seventy dollars (\$70) per month for the cost of broadband connection at his residence in order to facilitate the conduct of Town responsibilities during non-business hours.
- F. The Town Manager shall be entitled to those benefits provided other full time Town employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement except where this Agreement provides other or alternate benefits or compensation; in which cases this Agreement shall control.

Section 10. General Provisions

- A. This Agreement sets forth and establishes the entire agreement between the Town and the Town Manager. The parties may, by mutual written agreement, amend any provision of this Agreement during the life of the Agreement. Any such amendments shall be incorporated and made a part of this Agreement.
- B. The invalidity or partial invalidity of any portion of this Agreement will not affect the validity of any other provision. In the event that any provision of this Agreement is held to be invalid, the remaining provisions shall be deemed to be in full force and effect as if they had been executed by both parties.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Town Council of the Town of Old Orchard Beach has caused this Agreement to be signed and executed by a majority of the Council, and the Town Manager has signed and executed this Agreement as well, both in duplicate.

Vice Chair Thornton indicated the support of the Town Council of this motion and the excellent work that has been done by the Town Manager. The Town Manager indicated he was pleased to continue his time here in Old Orchard and thanks his staff and the Assistant Town Manager for the support he receives.

MOTION: Councilor Blow motioned and Councilor Kelley seconded to Authorize a twoyear contract Extension for Larry Mead, Town Manager, effective March 16, 2016 to March 16, 2018; and authorize an annual salary of \$114,000 retroactive to July 1, 2015.

VOTE: Unanimous.

6522 Discussion with Action: Authorize the Tax Collector to declare as uncollectable outstanding property taxes and all associated outstanding interest and fees as follows: Mary Brennan, #T1455, 36 Ryefield Drive – \$60.94 – Fiscal Year 2013, \$276.31 – Fiscal Year 2014, \$436.46 – Fiscal Year 2015, for a total of \$773.71 as of October 20th, 2015; and to further authorize the Treasurer to discharge all outstanding tax liens on the property. Code Enforcement Officer deemed trailer to be uninhabitable and abandoned.

MEMO:

October 15, 2015

TO: Members of the Town Council FROM: Larry Mead, Town Manager

RE: UNINHABITABLE MOBILE HOME AT 36 RYEFIELD DRIVE

On September 1 the Code Enforcement Officer inspected the mobile home located at 36 Ryefield Drive and subsequently posted the property as unfit for human habitation. In his opinion the structure's condition makes it unsuitable for rehabilitation. The former owner has relocated and the property is now abandoned.

There are tax liens on the property totaling \$773, including interest. Currently the property is not in foreclosure. Given the "junk" status of the property it is not in the Town's interest to gain ownership.

I recommend that the Council declare the outstanding taxes, interest and fees as uncollectable. The Treasurer will then discharge the outstanding liens. The Assessor has the authority to abate the 2016 taxes and has already done so. Once these steps are complete the owner of the mobile home property intends to remove and dispose of the abandoned property as junk.

MOTION: Councilor Tousignant motioned and Councilor Blow seconded to Authorize the Tax Collector to declare as uncollectable outstanding property taxes and all associated outstanding interest and fees as follows: Mary Brennan, #T1455, 36 Ryefield Drive – \$60.94 – Fiscal Year 2013, \$276.31 – Fiscal Year 2014, \$436.46 – Fiscal Year 2015, for a total of \$773.71 as of October 20th, 2015; and to further authorize the Treasurer to discharge all outstanding tax liens on the property. Code Enforcement Officer deemed trailer to be uninhabitable and abandoned.

VOTE: Unanimous.

October 13, 2015

Laurie Lord General Assistance Administrator Town of Old Orchard Beach, Maine 04064

Dear Ms. Lord:

The property at 36 Ryefield Drive, Old Orchard Beach, owner of record is Mary Mellon-Brennan has been posted by me as the Code Official of Old Orchard Beach.

The condition of the interior of the property mobile home has been rendered unsafe for human habitation and cannot be remodeled or repaired due to the extensive damage and conditions caused by urine and fecal matter.

The property owner or the park owner must prohibit access until such time it can be removed and or dismantled.

Sincerely,

Dan Feeney Code Official Old Orchard Beach, Maine

DF:vc

6523 Discussion with Action: Accept a donation of \$200 from Kathleen Kay Wadman, and future donations received for the purchase of a Beach Wheel Chair, and credited to Account Number – 25140-40532 – Beach Accessibility Chair Donations, with a balance of \$0.

BACKGROUND:

The Wadman family was one of fifteen families who used the Beach Wheel Chair that was donated by the Saco Bay Rotary Club. Mrs. Wadman's appreciation is shown by her desire to contribute over the next year toward the purchase of a second Wheel Chair to be used on the Beach. Her grandson's life was filled with enjoyment because of the opportunity to use this piece of equipment to access our beautiful beach.

"Dear Louise:

I am writing this letter in sincere appreciation for the opportunity that was given to my grandson to finally go into the edge of the ocean and feel the waves on his feet. The beach chair was a real lifesaver for my daughter and husband who have to pick him up and move him everywhere.

Let me tell you about this little boy.

He is William Cooper - diagnosed not only with autism at an early age but at age 6 he was diagnosed with muscular dystrophy. My daughter and son and law were told that they could probably expect that by the age of 10 he would not be walking and that life expectancy is about 20 for Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy. We of course are praying for a miracle and have a chance to be in a trial drug test. We have many people praying for him and we are putting our trust and hope in God.

Let me now tell you what a difference this chair has made for him.

For the last four years he was taken to the beach and carried through the sand as the stroller that he was transported in would not make it through the sand. Last year the lifeguards came and helped get him on the beach but again he could only sit in the sand. This year was so different. He was taken down to the ocean so that he could feel the waves on his feet. If anyone could hear the squealing of delight from this child they would want to make sure that others had this opportunity as well.

I hope that some other organizations or churches or individuals such as myself who have had a loved one benefit from this chair will consider making a donation for another one. I certainly will do my part to save money for one myself.

You and your staff were most helpful with this as it was delivered and picked up from the condo that we rented..

So here is now my next request - can we have one saved again for next year the same week that Camp meetings are? I believe they start on the 30th?

I can never thank you enough for this very special vacation seeing him so happy at the beach.

God Bless you!!! Kathy Wadman"



MOTION: Councilor Blow motioned and Councilor Kelley seconded to

Accept a donation of \$200 from Kathleen Kay Wadman, and future donations received for the purchase of a Beach Wheel Chair, and credited to Account Number – 25140-40532 – Beach Accessibility Chair Donations, with a balance of \$0.

VOTE: Unanimous.



Town of Old Orchard Beach Tax Deductible Donation Form

Because the Town is a governmental unit, its income is not taxable. Accordingly, charitable donations to the Town used exclusively for public purposes are tax deductible to the extent allowed by law including under Section 170(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The undersigned hereby states his/her intention to make this voluntary unrestricted charitable donation for general public purposes and uses in the amount stated below and the undersigned acknowledges and agrees that each donation hereunder is irrevocable upon Town's receipt thereof. The undersigned further acknowledges and agrees that he/she has not and will not receive anything from the Town (goods, services, etc.) in consideration of this donation.

The Town makes no representation or warranty regarding taxability/tax treatment of the donation. Please consult your tax advisor. Please retain this form for tax filing purposes.

Town of Old Orchard Donee Organization

\$<u>300,</u> Amount of Donation

.....

10/15/2015 Date of this Form <u>Ruthleen K Wadman</u> 27 <u>Jeffrey Dre</u> Donor's Name <u>Lawles wille</u>, <u>PA</u> 18704-1448 Donor's Address

Larry S. Mead Town Manager/Designee

25140-40532 Account Number

GOOD AND WELFARE:

JEROME BEGART: He spoke about signs illegally being placed on Birch Hill property. He also jokingly revered to the new contract for two years given to the Town Manager saying it was good karma to say it was "unbearable." He thanked the Town Manager for his work.

ADJOURNMENT

MOTION: Councilor Tousignant motioned and Councilor Kelley seconded to Adjourn the Town Council Meeting at 8:15 p.m. p.m.

VOTE: Unanimous.

Respectfully Submitted,

V. Louise Reid Town Council Secretary

I, V. Louise Reid, Secretary to the Town Council of Old Orchard Beach, Maine, do hereby certify that the foregoing document consisting of thirty-six (6) pages is a copy of the original Minutes of the Town Council Meeting of October 20, 2015. V. Louise Reid